



The Large Binocular Telescope Fizeau Interferometer Fundamental gain in high-contrast imaging

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LBTI

The 23-m binocular at LBT





The 23-m binocular at LBT



Optical ray-tracing of the LBTI



The LBTI telescope



Rear View of LBT

The LBTI beam combiner



The LBTI beam combiner



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The LBTI focal image



MNRAS paper I.

Monthly Notices of the ROYAL ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY

MNRAS **472**, 2544–2553 (2017) Advance Access publication 2017 August 3 doi:10.1093/mnras/stx1961

The LBTI Fizeau imager – I. Fundamental gain in high-contrast imaging

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Accepted 2017 July 28. Received 2017 July 26; in original form 2017 April 5



The theoretical PSF of the LBTI

The PSF of the LBTI is made of :

- rings (subaperture Airy pattern) &
- fringes (interference cosine pattern).

A huge contrast in narrow zones can be achieved when both a dark fringe and a dark ring overlap.





LBT vs LBTI point spread function



LBT/LBTI contrast gain map



Contrast gain vs sky rotation



=> **ADI** Fizeau mode

Contrast gain vs parallactic angle vs radial distance



Contrast gain vs piston errors



AO RMS = $\lambda/8$ (~100nm at 750nm)

Piston RMS = $\lambda/16$, $\lambda/8$, $\lambda/4$, $\lambda/2$ (~50, 100, 200, 400 nm at 750nm)

The averaged contrast gain of ~10 over the AO FOV is **insensitive to piston errors in short exposures**

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MNRAS paper II.

Monthly Notices of the ROYAL ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY

MNRAS **472**, 3288–3297 (2017) Advance Access publication 2017 August 8

doi:10.1093/mnras/stx2016

The LBTI Fizeau imager – II. Sensitivity of the PSF and the MTF to adaptive optics errors and to piston errors

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LBTI PSF & MTF vs AO & piston errors



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LBTI

LBTI PSF & MTF merit functions



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The LBTI Fizeau imager : In brief

• Fundamental gain in high-contrast imaging

- Global gain by a factor of **2 in long exposures** & of **10 in short exposures**
 - **One-directional** interferometric sampling,
 - Independent correction of AO & piston errors,
 - LBTI Fizeau imager vs **speckle interferometry** (Labeyrie 1970) using AO.
- Compared to a single 8-m aperture, the 23-m LBTI Fizeau imager provides:
 - a gain in **sensitivity** (by a factor of 4),
 - a gain in **angular resolution** (by a factor of 3),
 - a gain in raw **contrast** (by a factor of 2–1000 varying over the AO FOV).

• Low sensitivity of the PSF & MTF against AO & piston errors

- A Fizeau image of high-quality (Strehl > 70%) requires both at a time:
 - an **AO correction** better than $\approx \lambda/18$ RMS for short & long exposures,
 - a **piston correction** better than $\approx \lambda/8$ RMS for long exposures or simply below the coherence length for short exposures.
- Limitations for high-contrast imaging: broadband, *vibrations*, ...
- Right now feasible in the near-infrared (technical proposal on LMIRCam ?)

Thank you for your attention

