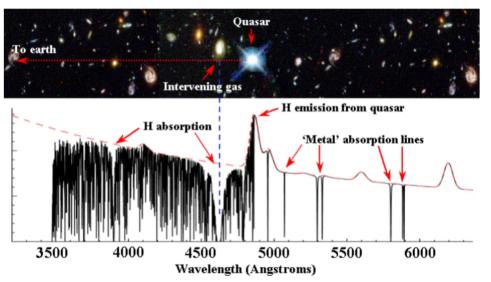
The Chemical connection between Damped Lyman-alpha systems and dwarf galaxies

Ása Skúladóttir MPIA, Heidelberg

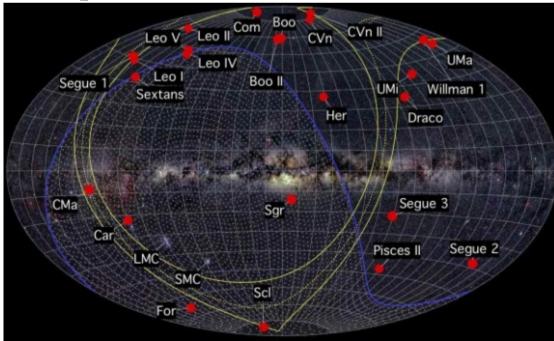
Collaborators: Eline Tolstoy, Stefania Salvadori, Max Pettini, Vanessa Hill

DLAs vs Local Dwarf Galaxies



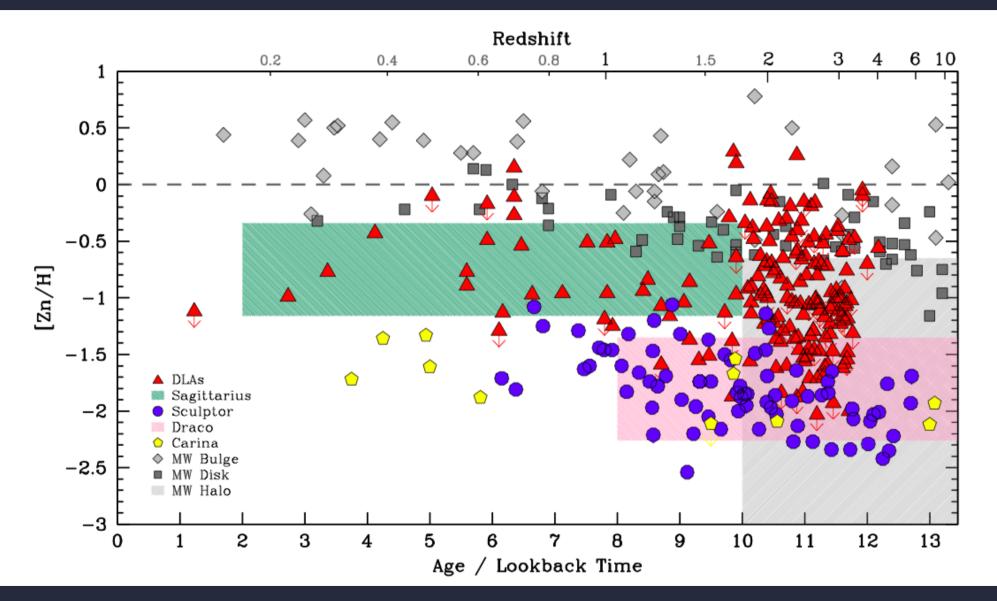
- In the Local Group we are able to observe individual stars and get detailed chemical abundances.
- ★ 50+ known dwarf galaxies around the Milky Way
- ★ Stellar physics!

- ★ DLA systems are reservoirs of neutral gas (N(H I) ≥ 2 × 10²⁰ cm⁻²), visible due to absorption.
- Dust depletion!
- * Volatile elements such as S, Zn, O important.



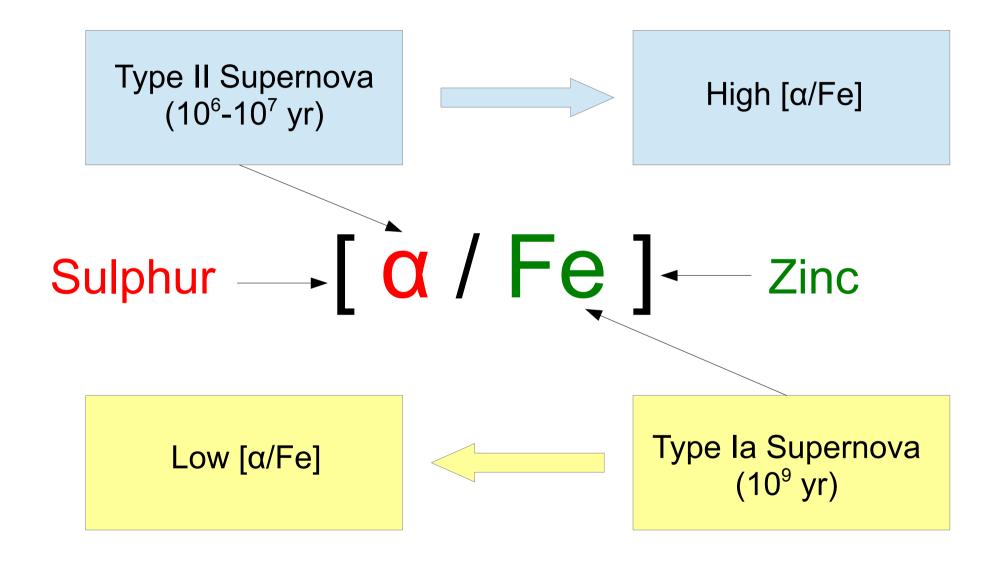
Right: H. Jerjen & Eso

Metallicity Comparison

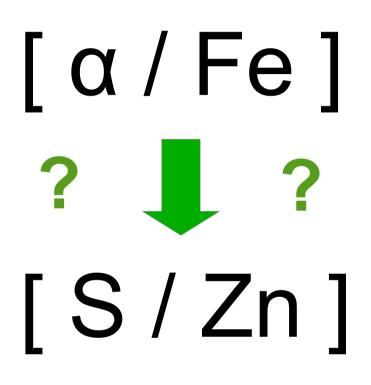


DLAs: Quieret+16; Milky Way: Cayrel+04, Reddy+06, Nissen+07, Bensby+2013; Sculptor: Skúladóttir+17, deBoer+12; Carina: Shetrone+03, Venn+12, Lemasle+12; Sagittarius: Sbordone+07. Age models: Salvadori+10, Aparicio+11, Bellazzini+06, Siegel+07, deBoer+15

Abundance ratios



Abundance ratios



 * Never been compared with stellar dwarf galaxy abundances
* Now for the first time 80+ stars in Sculptor! (Skúladóttir+ 2015b; 2017a)

The Sculptor dwarf spheroidal

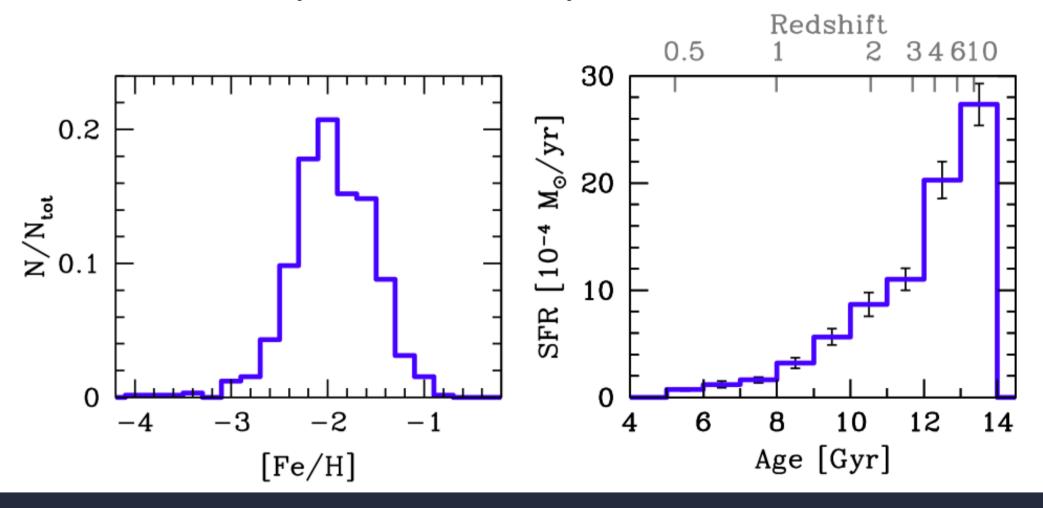
- * Discovered in 1938 * $M_{tot} = 3.4 \times 10^8 M_{\odot}$ * $M_{stars} = 8 \times 10^6 M_{\odot}$ * Distance of 86±5 kpc
- * At high Galactic latitude



Shapley 1938, Battaglia et al. 2008b, de Boer et al. 2012, Pietrzyński et al. 2008

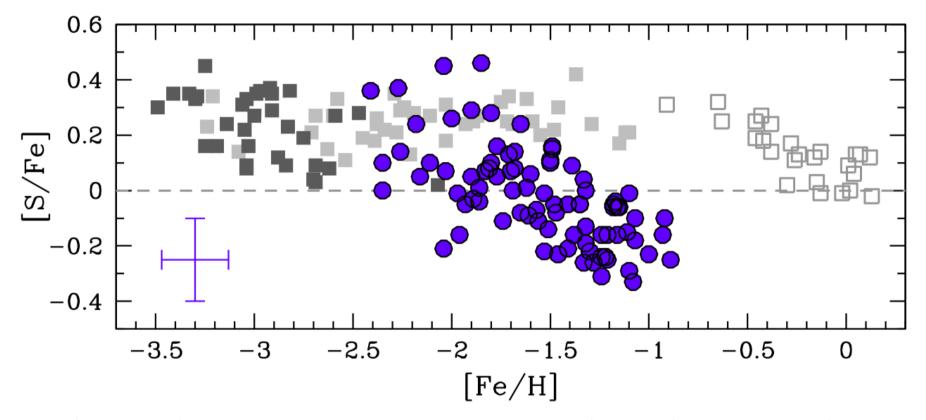
The stellar population in Sculptor

Dominated by old stars (>10 Gyr old)



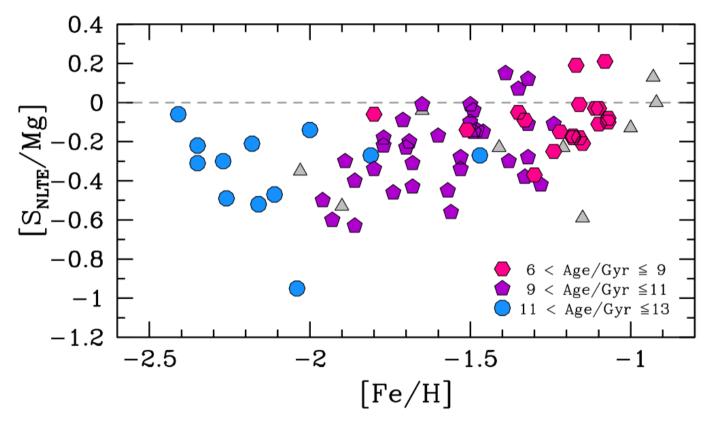
Metallicity Distribution Function (Starkenberg et al. 2010) Star Formation History (de Boer et al. 2012)

Closer Look - Sulphur



* The sulphur abundances in Sculptor show the same behaviour as other α-elements, consistent with a plateau at lower metallicities; with increasing [Fe/H], the ratio [S/Fe] declines, reaching negative values at the highest [Fe/H].

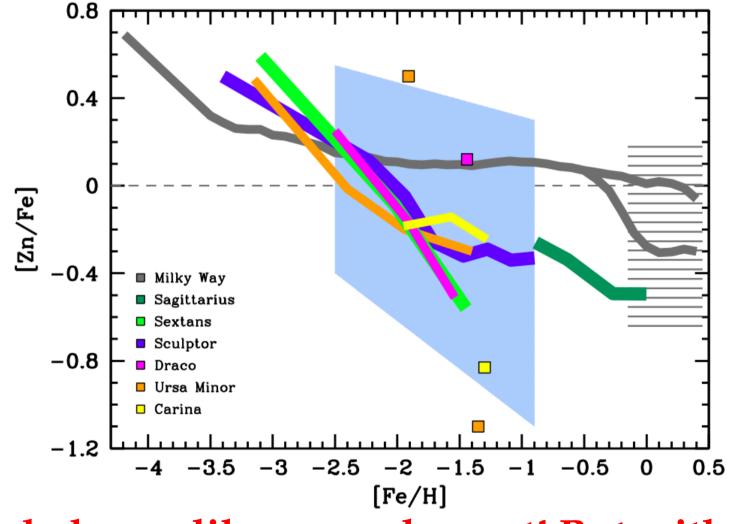
[S/a] in Sculptor



The ratio of sulphur to magnesium increases with [Fe/H], consistent with some production of S in Supernovae Type Ia

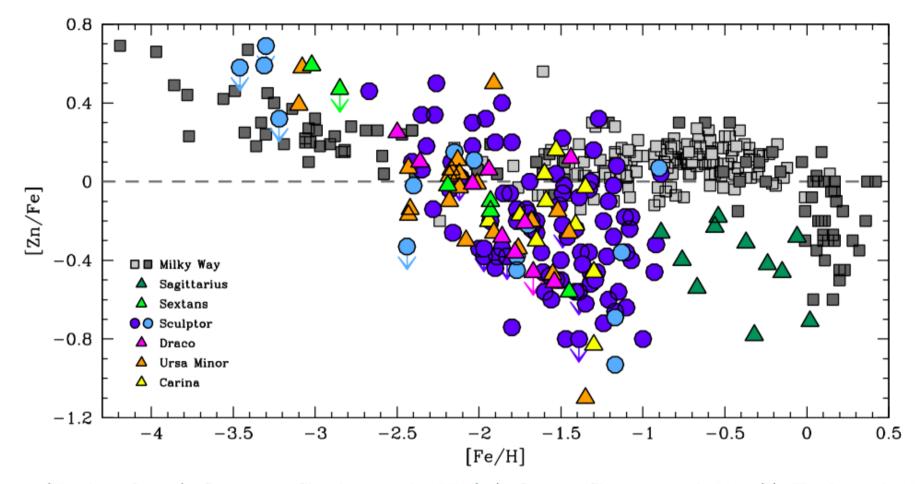
Sulphur: Skúladóttir et al. 2015b Calcium: Hill et al. in prep Ages: Thomas de Boer et al. 2012

Closer Look - Zinc



***** Zn behaves like an α -element! But with scatter!

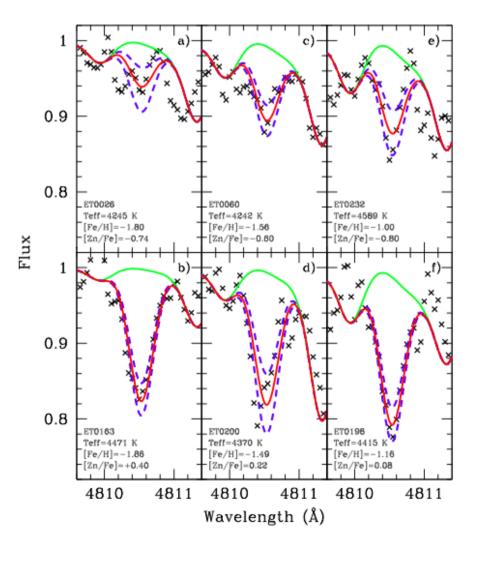
Closer Look - Zinc



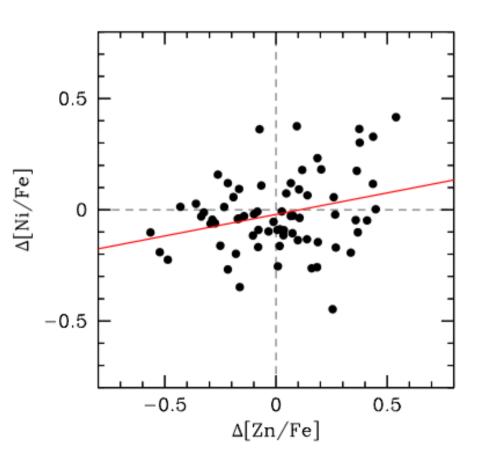
References (Number of stars): Sagittarius: Sbordone et al. 2007 (11). Sextans: Shetrone et al. 2001 (5); Honda et al. 2011 (1). Sculptor: Shetrone et al. 2003 (1); Geisler et al. 2005 (1); Kirby & Cohen 2012 (1); Jablonka et al. 2015 (4 upper limits); Skúladóttir et al. 2015b (1); Simon et al. 2015 (1); Hill et al. in prep (6). Draco: Shetrone et al. 2001 (5); Cohen & Huang 2009 (5). Ursa Minor: Shetrone et al. 2001 (6); Sadakane et al. 2004 (3); Cohen & Huang 2010 (10); Ural et al. 2015 (2). Carina: Shetrone et al. 2003 (5); Venn et al. 2012 (5). Milky Way: Reddy et al. 2003, 2006; Cayrel et al. 2004; Nissen & Schuster 2011; Ishigaki et al. 2013; Bensby et al. 2014 (only including stars with errors $\delta_{[Zn/Fe]} \leq 0.2$); Barbuy et al. 2015.

Skúladóttir et al. 2018 sub.

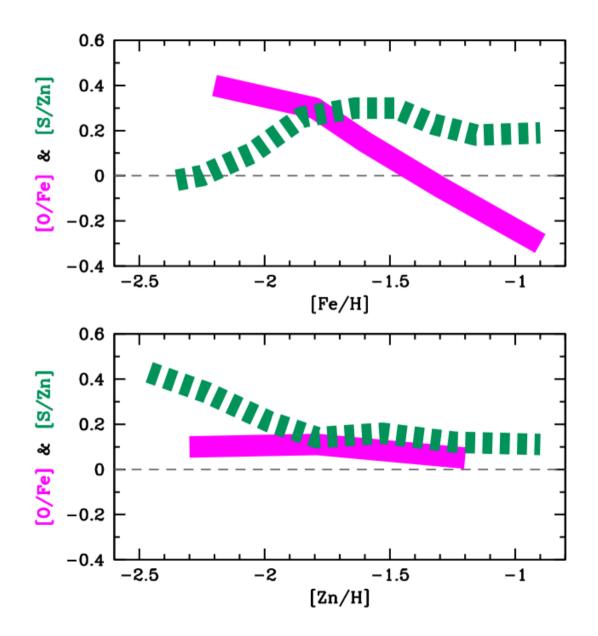
Scatter



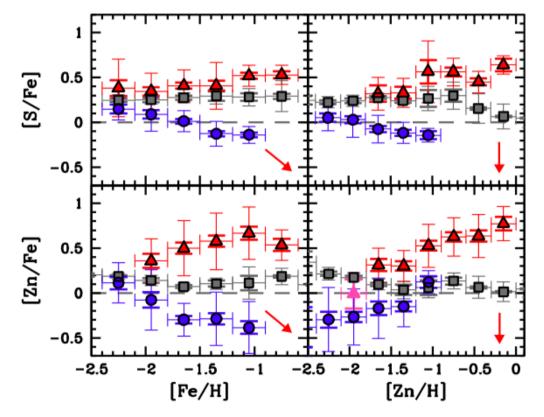
- ★ Scatter in [Zn/Fe] correlated with Ni
- ★ (but not: O, Na, Mg, Si, Ca, Ti, Sc, Cr, Mn, Fe II, Co, Ni, Ba, La and Nd)



$[S/Zn] \neq [\alpha/Fe]$

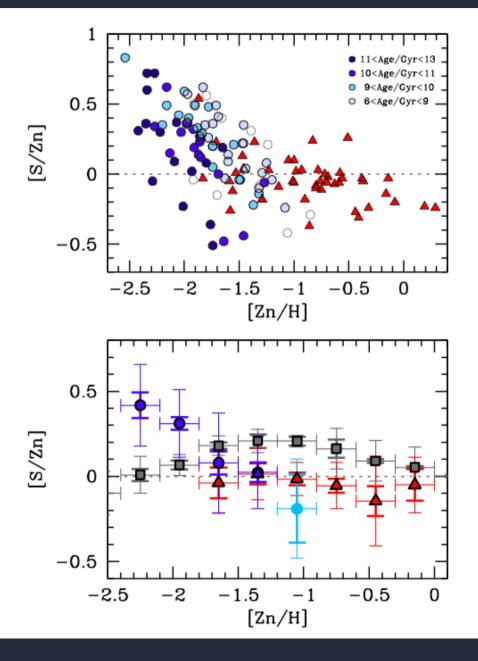


DLAs vs Sculptor



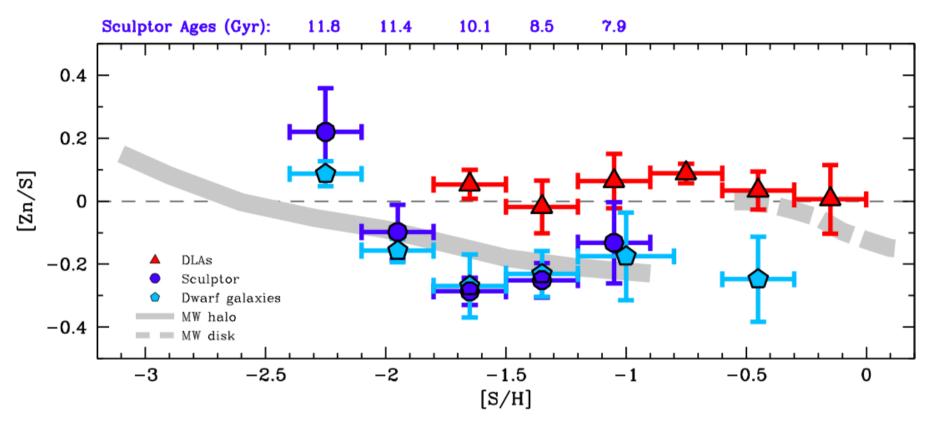
- Sculptor stars cover lower[Zn/H] compared to DLAs
- DLAs, Milky Way and Sculptor all different!
- Dust depletion of Fe complicates matter.
- In principle, DLAs could be like the Milky Way, or Sculptor, or neither depending on the level of dust depletion.

DLAs vs Sculptor



- * [S/Zn] consistent in regions where they overlap!
- However: [Zn/H] is not a good tracer of the chemical evolution in Sculptor.
- Results difficult to interpret within the star formation history of Sculptor

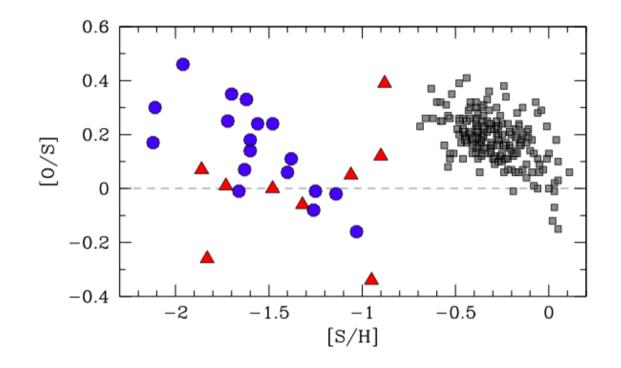
DLAs vs Sculptor



Clear differences in abundance pattern!

- DLAs comparable to the early dwarf galaxy evolution, and the disk at higher metallicities.
- ★ The plateau in DLAs a mystery!

Alternative [α/Fe]: [O/S]



* Instead of $[\alpha/Fe]$ with [Fe/H] we propose the use of [O/S] with [S/H] as a measure of the relative contribution of SN Type II and Type Ia.

★ Observationally challenging in DLAs.

Conclusions

★ Zn is not Fe

Contrary to Fe, Zn is <u>not</u> significantly created in Supernova Type Ia.

* $[S/Zn] \neq [\alpha/Fe]$

- ★ Zn is still not fully understood in the Local Group.
- ★ S can be used as a metallicity tracer, created both by SN Type II and Ia.
- DLA abundance ratios of [Zn/S] consistent with earliest phases of dwarf galaxy evolution.
- ★ Plateau of [Zn/S] in DLAs a mystery!